

**ANNEX B TO RESPONSIBILITY FOR FUNCTIONS  
SCHEME OF DELEGATED AUTHORITY TO OFFICERS**

**i. POWERS DELEGATED TO OFFICERS**

**General Powers**

1.1 Chief Officers as listed in Article 9 can take decisions:

- to discharge the functions allocated to them or dealt with by them or their staff, except for matters specifically reserved to, Committees or Council;
- in all matters where they have managerial or professional authority;
- to authorise and accept quotations for contracts to the limits placed on Chief Officers by Contract Procedure Rules for approved schemes with sufficient estimate provision;
- to agree settlements of up to £1,000 subject to budget and audit trails;
- to agree financial settlement where recommended by the Ombudsman or a Court;
- without exception, in cases of emergency. This covers emergency decisions that were not anticipated within the budget or Service Plans but nevertheless relate to everyday business, not major changes / decisions outside the approved budget and statutory plans listed as being for decision by Council. For example school heating system fails during mid-winter, or a school roof collapses today. These decisions must be taken in consultation with the Chairman of Policy and Resources Committee.

1.2 All officers to whom powers are delegated under the Constitution will authorise another officer or officers to exercise those powers during periods for which they have given formal notification that they will be absent or unable to be contacted, or when they cannot be contacted due to illness or other indisposition, or in cases of utmost urgency where they cannot be contacted by any means.

1.3 They may use whatever means they consider appropriate to discharge those functions within their scheme of delegation, including:

- incurring expenditure and collecting income;
- engaging and deploying staff;
- deploying other resources within their control;
- placing contracts and procuring other resources within or outside the Council.

- 1.4 Specific chief officers have powers to deal with regulation, licensing enforcement, staffing and other statutory matters which are functions for which the Council is responsible, or for which the Council, acting as Licensing Authority, is responsible. These powers must be set out in the Directorate Scheme of Delegation to Officers.
- 1.5 Before any delegated powers report is signed by a Chief Officer he or she must consider whether the issues involved are likely to raise significant levels of public concern or comment or give rise to policy considerations. Where this is the case, the views of the Chairman of the relevant Committee should be sought as to whether or not it is appropriate to use the delegation. All delegated powers reports must indicate that this process has been undertaken.

### **Recording of delegated powers to Officers**

- 1.6 Formal reporting of officer decisions will take place if actions or decisions involve the following –
- Specific statutory powers
  - The service of formal notice
  - The incurring of expenditure of £10,000 or more,
  - The fixing of fees and charges to be levied by the Council
  - Authorisations and acceptances in accordance with the Contract Procedure Rules
  - Land or property transactions
  - The exercise of specific powers pertaining to finance, borrowing and investments
  - The issue or defence of legal proceedings
  - Or taking other actions or decisions that are significant in the context of service delivery and/or organisation or upon individuals, external bodies or the public
- 1.7 Recording/publishing of most decisions will be in summary form and will set out the principal matters that are relevant to the decision. Detailed reporting/publishing of individual decisions (Delegated Powers Report) will be by way of exception and only when there is a clear need to do so.
- 1.8 Where formal reporting is not required, the officer exercising delegated powers is responsible for ensuring that all decisions taken are properly recorded in accordance with the procedure for the relevant Directorate. Each Directorate will keep its own central record of all delegated decisions. Proper administrative decision making requires that: -
- Decisions are properly made
  - Appropriate reasons are given to those affected
  - Decisions are fully recorded

- 1.9 All Directors and Chief Officers will draw up an up-to-date list of specific powers delegated which must be in accordance with the overall scheme of delegation, is updated annually and is published on the internet.

### **Specific Powers**

- 1.10 In addition, in consultation with the Chairman of Policy and Resources Committee:

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Directors have the power (subject to Chief Financial Officer approval as set out in Financial Regulations) to agree revenue virements for sums in excess of £50,000 and up to £250,000 between service directorates and employee and non-employee expenditure.

Details of the Scheme of Revenue and Capital Virements can be found in Financial Regulations.

Where people processes are in accordance with the Council's Terms and Conditions of employment and any cost can be contained within the Group or Delivery Unit budget then this is a matter for the relevant Director.

Where the staffing or managerial issues will incur costs which cannot be contained within the Group or Delivery Unit's annual budget but can be contained within the Council's Annual budget then this must be reported through delegated powers of Head of Paid Service.

The only exception to these Specific Powers is where:

- a. Where 20 or more employees are placed at risk of redundancy/TUPE transferred,
- b. Terms and conditions of employment are to be introduced (this excludes compliance with statutory requirements) or replaced (this means a new term or condition)
- c. The Severance package per individual is £100,000 or more, in which case the matter must be referred to Remuneration Committee
- d. The Salary package to be offered is £100,000 or more, in which case the matter must be referred to the Remuneration Committee

In these cases the matter must be referred to General Functions Committee or Remuneration Committee as appropriate for decision.

- 1.11 The following Officers also have the powers indicated:

- The Strategic Director for Growth and Environment to make decisions about:
  - (i) The acquisition of properties under the private sector leasing scheme, for £20,800 per annum or less or as a one off consideration; and
  - (ii) The Strategic Director for Growth and Environment shall have authority to sign the private sector leases as detailed at (i) above
  - All disposals of freehold interests and leases where a capital premium is obtained for the interest will be agreed by Assets, Regeneration and Growth Committee.

Deleted: <#><sp>the Section 151 Officer in consultation with the Chairman of Assets, Regeneration and Growth Committee to make decisions about: ¶  
 <#>Entering into new leases with a consideration between £25,000 and £50,000 per annum where the council is granting the lease at best consideration in accordance with the Local Government Act 1972.¶  
 <#>Acquisitions of land whether freehold or leasehold where the cost of the interest being acquired is between £20,000 and £30,000 per annum or as a one off consideration.¶

### **Restrictions and Conditions**

- 1.12 Directors and Chief Officers will not take decisions that are reserved to another decision making body under this constitution, and in particular they will only take decisions that are reserved to Council under this Constitution in an emergency and if it is lawful for them to do so.
- 1.13 Decisions taken by officers must be recorded and made available to members of the Council either as individual or summary decisions published on the Internet.
- 1.14 They may authorise other officers to exercise these powers in practice, but they are taken in their name and they remain their responsibility.
- 1.15 Emergency action taken under delegated powers must be reported to the relevant body as soon as possible.

## 2 OFFICER DELEGATIONS

This scheme sets out those delegations made to the Chief Executive and Chief Officers (as listed in Article 9) whether by the Council (refers to the 63 Councillors meeting as a body) or derived from statute. The Scheme also sets out the powers of the Statutory Officers of the Council.

Chief Officers are authorised to exercise those powers and duties of the Council in relation to the service and activities for which they are responsible which are not reserved to Council, a Committee or Sub-Committee, or to another officer.

They are accountable to the elected Members of the Council for the efficient and economic discharge of these responsibilities. They are, in turn, accountable to the public and are responsible for all matters which impact upon the Council exercising its powers and duties.

Except as specifically provided in this Scheme of Delegations or in Statute, the exercise of any power or duty of the authority is only delegated where the exercise would be (a) in accordance with any approved plan, policy or strategy, (b) not raising new issues of policy or precedent, and (c) not of such sensitivity or significance that it is appropriate for the matter to be referred to members for decision.

## 3. DELEGATION OF POWERS

3.1 In exercising delegated powers officers must:

- a. Comply with any strategy, policy, plan or direction directed by Members of the Council;
  - i. Comply with the Council's Financial Regulations, Contract Procedure Rules and Human Resources Regulations in force at the time;
- b. Only incur expenditure within approved limits/estimates;
- c. Refer to the appropriate body of members for consultation or decision on all matters of public controversy or undecided matters of policy or substantial change from previous practice or which involve difficult or major changes where custom and practice or initial consultation with elected Members should have taken place;
- d. Ensure compliance with the law and all policies, regulations, orders, codes, protocols and similar documents approved by the Council or one of its Committees;
- e. Inform members with specific functional responsibilities and Ward members about the exercise of powers;
- f. Consult with other relevant officers with proper regard to any

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- advice given;
  - h. Authorise another officer or officers to exercise those powers when they are absent or cannot be notified;
  - i. Keep appropriate records and registers of decisions and report to Council, or Committee if required;
  - j. Be accountable to the Council and Members or Committee, from which those powers derive;
  - k. Be subject to decisions by the Chief Executive or the Monitoring Officer on whether officers should exercise any delegated power;
  - l. Operate under the terms of officers holding politically restricted posts.
- 3.2 Where appropriate the Chief Executive may exercise any function delegated to any other officer, unless prohibited by law.
- 3.3 Chief Officers may exercise any function delegated to any other officer within their directorates, unless prohibited by law.
- 3.4 In the event of any dispute as to the delegated powers of any senior officer the Chief Executive shall have the power to determine which officer is to exercise the power.
- 3.5. Where a function is delegated to a Chief Officer or Director, he/she may sub-delegate the function to another senior officer where any function is sub-delegated in this way, the Chief Officer retains the power to recall any matter for decision, unless prohibited by law.
- 3.6 Officers exercising delegated powers may make decisions that were not anticipated within the budget or Service Plan but nevertheless relate to everyday business.
- 3.7 Responsibility for monitoring that specific Council strategies and plans are focused on the commissioning and delivery of services to achieve the best outcomes for the people of Barnet and the delivery of outstanding customer service across all services.
- 3.8 The use of Delegated Power Reports (DPR) will be by exception and only when there is a clear need to do so.
- 3.9 There are limitations upon all delegated powers. In particular there is no delegation of power to officers of:
- a. Matters reserved specifically to Members by resolution of Council;
  - b. Approval to exceed the provision in the revenue or capital budgets for their service responsibilities;
  - c. Decisions on permanent savings in the budget to achieve the Council's policies;

- d. The right to determine a major employee re-organisation;
- e. A matter where the officer is of the opinion that the matter is of such significance or sensitivity that it should be referred to members for decision.

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## **DELEGATED AUTHORITY TO THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EACH CHIEF OFFICER**

Any power delegated to the Chief Executive (Head of Paid Service) may also be exercised by any member of staff who has been so authorised by the Chief Executive to whom that power is delegated, or in their absence or non-availability, by the nominated officer having responsibility of the said function, subject to any requirement, condition, restriction or limitation specified by the Chief Executive.

The Chief Executive, Chief Operating Officer, Strategic Director for Communities and Strategic Director for Growth and Environment comprise the Strategic Commissioning Board (SCB) which is tasked to deliver the Council's themes, as agreed by Members.

The Chief Executive and Chief Officers have the following general powers:

- a. To manage and promote the services and functions for which they are responsible.
- b. Taking and implementing any decision required for operational effectiveness.
- c. To discharge of the powers conferred on Chief Officers by Standing Orders, Financial Regulations, Human Resources Policies and Contract Procurement Rules.
- d. Authorisation and acceptance of quotations for contracts to the limits placed on Chief Officers by Contract Procedure Rules.
- e. Expenditure within approved revenue budget estimates.
- f. Virement of resources for sums in excess of £50,000 between service directorates and employee and non-employee expenditure
- g. Agreement of settlements of up to £1,000 subject to the approved budget.
- h. Bidding for external resources for services within their remit.
- i. Writing off of debts and disposal of assets as prescribed in Council Financial Regulations.
- j. Liaison with and development of partnerships with external agencies, government departments and stakeholder organisations.
- k. The setting, variation and recovery of costs, fees and charges for goods funded by the Council.



- l. Exercise of discretionary powers in relation to all staffing matters detailed within the Council's Human Resources Policies including the appointment, promotion and dismissal of permanent and temporary staff, the remuneration and rewarding of staff within approved budgets and the authorisation of staff absence, leave, payments including overtime, expenses and ex gratia payments.
- m. Giving officers authority to enter premises where powers of entry are conferred for the purposes of fulfilling a function for which the Chief Officer is responsible.

## DELEGATED AUTHORITY TO THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The Chief Executive has lead responsibility to implement the Council's policies, ensuring that it delivers to its objectives and duties, within budget, and according to strategic priorities and statutory requirements.

Responsibility for functions including:

To be the Head of the Paid Service	The Local Government and Housing Act (1989)
Authority over all officers so far as it is necessary for the efficient management and execution of the Council's affairs, functions or services - except where officers are exercising specific responsibilities under statute as set out in Article 9 as Statutory Officers.	Council
Leadership of the Strategic Commissioning Board to set overall outcomes for the Council and develop commissioning strategies.	Council
Co-ordination, direction and monitoring of the Council's initiatives to achieve efficiency and best value in the delivery of its functions.	Council
Taking any action necessary to ensure the effective and efficient management and operations of the Council.	Council
Reporting to full Council on the manner in which the discharge of the Council's functions is co-ordinated, the number and grade of officers required for the discharge of functions and the organisation of officers.	Section 4, Local Government Act and Housing Act (1989)
Taking any action necessary to ensure the effective development and delivery of the Council's key strategies and services.	Council
To make any decision delegated to another officer.	Council
The appointment, promotion and dismissal of staff including the forming, varying and ending of contracts of employment for Officers below Chief Officer as set out in the Council's Human Resources Regulations.	Section 4-12 of the Local Government and Housing Act and Section 112 of the Local Government Act 1972
Appointment of officers to deliver the statutory functions of the Council and authorise them to do so under relevant legislation.	Council
Exercise the powers of the Council in relation to general power of competence	Section 1 Localism Act 2011
Discharge of the functions of the Electoral	Council

Registration Officer and, where required, the Returning Officer	
Appointment and proper management of the authority's staff subject to the DCLG guidance on appointment of staff with remuneration packages of £100,000 by the Remuneration Committee.	Council
Ensure the facilitation of the Barnet Partnership Board and that it meets Government requirements.	Council
Preparation of the Barnet Corporate Plan and other key corporate policies as appropriate, for agreement by Policy and Resources Committee	Council
Responsibility for the overall co-ordination and performance management of the Council's operations, including arrangements for managing major projects.	Council
Responsibility for Council communications.	Council
Responsibility for the Council's risk and reputation management by ensuring it operates in an open, accountable and democratic manner.	Council

## DELEGATED AUTHORITY TO THE CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER / DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

The Chief Operating Officer/Director of Finance has the powers set out in the Financial Regulations.

Responsibility for functions including:

To be the Council's statutory Chief Finance Officer and S151 Officer	Section 151, Local Government Act 1972)
Ensuring that the Council operates within required financial policies and procedures to ensure the efficient and appropriate use of public money.	Section 151, Local Government Act 1972)
The proper administration of the financial affairs of the Council which responsibilities shall include all arrangements covering financial planning, financial control, banking, accounts, income, insurances, investments, binds, loans, leasing, borrowing (including methods of borrowing), trust and pension funds, the payment of creditors and the payment of salaries, wages, pension scheme benefits and gratuities.	Section 115 (2), Local Government Act 1972
Make any statutory declaration in connection with the transfer of securities.	Section 146, Local Government Act 1972
Responsibility for the provisions of the Accounts and Audit Regulations in respect of the need to maintain an adequate and effective system of internal audit of the Council's accounting records and of its system of internal control in accordance with proper internal audit practices.	Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003
Exercising the functions of the Council relating to procurement.	Council
To agree to revenue or capital expenditure not provided for within the control budget being incurred if the Chief Operating Officer is satisfied that it is wholly reimbursable to the Council, or compensatory savings have been identified with expenditure consistent with performance management plans.	Council
To take the most appropriate form of borrowing from the approved sources and to make the most appropriate form of investments in approved instruments.	Council
To write off debt amounts up to and including £5,000 in consultation with HB Public Law.	Council
Authority to write off overpayments of salary allowances or pensions which occur as a result of the death of an	Section 30, Local Government

employee or pensioner.	(Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976
Responsibilities as set out in the Pension Fund Governance Compliance Statement.	Council
With HB Public Law to make decisions about operational and works licences, easements, rent reviews and licences to assign, lease renewals, <u>new leases, and acquisitions of land, whether freehold or leasehold, in accordance with legislation relating to Best Consideration and with the Asset, Land and Property Rules, specifically the thresholds set out in Annexes A and B.</u>	Local Government Act 1972
<u>To respond to statutory notifications by Foundation Schools on proposals to dispose of surplus land.</u>	
Responsibility to report if a Council decision will, or is likely to incur, unlawful expenditure or where expenditure exceeds or is likely to exceed the resources available or would cause a loss or deficiency to the Council or entry of an unlawful item of account.	Section 114 and 114a, Local Government Finance Act (1988)
Report on the robustness of the authority's budget calculations and the adequacy of the Council's proposed financial reserves.	Section 25, Local Government 2003
Authority to provide financial information to the media, members of the public and the community.	Council

**Deleted:** where this represents best consideration, the entering into new

**Deleted:** of less than 21 years, where the consideration is less than £25,000 per annum and at best consideration and where the Council is granting the lease

**Deleted:** for less than £10,000 per annum or as a one off consideration

**Deleted:** to respond to statutory notifications by Foundation Schools on proposals to dispose of surplus land.

**DELEGATED AUTHORITY TO THE DEPUTY CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER (DEPUTY SECTION 151 OFFICER)**

<b><u>Approving the issue of grants to the voluntary sector for amounts £5,000 and below.</u></b>	<b><u>Council</u></b>
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## DELEGATED AUTHORITY TO THE MONITORING OFFICER

Responsibility for functions including:

To be the Council's statutory Monitoring Officer with responsibility for ensuring that the Council meets its legal and statutory obligations in relation to issuing appropriate guidance to member and officers in the undertaking of their roles.	Section 5 and 5a, Local Government and Housing Act (1989)
All democratic processes for the Council.	Council
The delivery of all assurance functions for the Council including the functions of the Corporate Anti-Fraud Team and Internal Audit.	Council
Ensuring that the Council meets the highest standards of governance, risk management and probity and that sound governance principles are embedded across the organisation and its partners.	Council
Reporting on the contravention or likely contravention of an enactment or rule of law and any maladministration or injustice where an Ombudsman has carried out an investigation.	Section 5 and 5a, Local Government and Housing Act (1989)
Maintenance of the Register of Members' Interests, Gifts and Hospitality	Sections 29 and 30, Localism Act (2011), The Relevant Authorities (disclosable pecuniary interests) Regulations (2012)
Advice to Members on the Members Code of Conduct	Members Code of Conduct
Key role in the framework for local determination of complaints	Sections 28-34, Localism Act (2011)
Advice to Members on Compensation or remedy for maladministration	Section 92, Local Government Act (2000)
The provision of advice on the scope of powers and authorities to take decisions, maladministration, financial impropriety, probity and budget and policy framework issues to all councillors.	Council
Holding of any reserve powers to exercise all or any of the powers delegated to the Head of Legal or the Head of Governance under the Constitution subject to the Inter Authority Agreement between the London Boroughs of	

Barnet and Harrow	
The maintenance of the Constitution and its availability to members, officers and the public. Authority to amend the Constitution to give effect to decisions of Council and changes of fact and law.	Council
Power to conduct or appoint officers or others to conduct investigations into allegations of breach of the Code of Conduct.	Council
Authority to stop a proposal or decision being implemented if it is considered that any proposal, decision or omission would give rise to unlawfulness or maladministration.	Council
To authorise payments of up to £5,000 in settlement of maladministration <u>before any finding by the Ombudsman, in accordance with Section 92 of the Local Government Act 2000.</u>	Council
Considering requests for and where appropriate granting dispensations under section 33 of the Localism Act 2011, with any dispensation granted being reported to the Committee where the dispensation is being granted.	Council

## LEGAL SERVICES

The Council operates a joint legal service with Harrow Council. It has resolved to delegate the exercise of its legal functions to the London Borough of Harrow under Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 and of the Local Government (Arrangement for the Discharge of Functions) (England) Regulations 2000. Its functions and delegated powers include:

Responsibility for functions including:

Acting as Solicitor to the Council and to institute, conduct and, where appropriate, defend and settle criminal and civil legal proceedings and claims concerning the Council's responsibilities and interests except in relation to those covered by the Council's insurance policies.	
Taking any action in order to protect the interests of the Council or of any person or property to whom, or for which, the Council has responsibility or in order to give legal effect to any decision or action properly taken by the Council or a Committee or person on behalf of the Council.	
Lodging appeals against any adverse finding against the Council in any tribunal or court.	
Signing any documentation to give effect to any resolution of the Council in any tribunal or court.	
Signing any document necessary to give effect to any resolution of the Council, or any Committee or Sub-	

Committee.	
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## HEAD OF GOVERNANCE

Responsibility for functions including:

All Head of Governance functions in the constitution	Council
Members declarations of acceptance of office	Council
Members notice of resignation	Council
Giving notice of casual vacancies	Council
Convening Council to fill Mayoral casual vacancy	Council
Signing summonses for council meeting and receiving notices as to Members addresses for summonses	Council
Receiving notification of political groups for the calculation of political balance	Council Local Government and Housing Act 1989
Deposit of documents	Council
Certification and authentication of documents, byelaws and copy minutes and signing of other relevant formal notices and documents.	Council
Returning Officer for election of parent governor representatives to Committee	Council

## DELEGATED AUTHORITY FOR THE STRATEGIC DIRECTOR FOR COMMUNITIES

Taking and implementing any decision required for operational effectiveness of Children's Services in accordance with her role as Director of Children's Services in conjunction with the Chief Executive	Council
Taking and implementing any decision required in relation to the commissioning of services for children's services, adult social care and education and skills	Council

IN THEIR CAPACITY AS DIRECTOR OF CHILDREN'S SERVICES (DCS)

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Responsibility for functions including:

Those duties conferred on or exercisable in its capacity as a local education authority.	Section 18 (3), Children Act 2004
Powers to take all necessary action to ensure that the Council's duties are properly and effectively discharged in child protection and care cases	Section 18 (3), Children Act 2004
Exercise all functions, powers and duties of a Children's Services Authority under all relevant legislation, but not limited to, Education, Social Services and Health functions.	Local Authorities Social Services Act 1970 and Section 75, National Health Service Act 2006
Functions relating to looked after children	Section 18 (23c - 24d) Children's Act 1989 and Section 18, Children Act 2004
Duty to make and sustain arrangements to promote co-operation between the Council and its partner organisations to improve the well-being of the children within the authority	Section 10 Children Act 2004
Duty to make arrangements to ensure the Council's functions are discharged having regard to the need to safeguarding and promote the welfare of children	Sections 11 and 18, Children Act 2004
Duty to establish a Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) to co-ordinate and ensure the effectiveness of board members' activities for the purpose of safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children in the Council's	Sections 13, 14, 15, 16, Children Act 2004

area.	
Establish and maintain information databases in relation to the well-being and safeguarding of children.	Section 12 and 18, Children Act 2004
Preparation and publication of a Children's and Young People Plan	Sections 17 and 18, Children Act 2004
Duty to promote the educational achievement of looked after children.	Children's Act 1989 (as amended)
Duty to provide the Secretary of State , if so directed, with information on individual children	Children's Act 1989 (as amended)
Any function under section 75 of the National Health Act 2006 on behalf of an NHS body as far as those results relate to children.	Section 18, Children Act 2004
Responsibility for any additional functions as the authority consider appropriate	Section 18, Children Act 2004

## DIRECTOR OF ADULTS SOCIAL SERVICES

Responsibility for functions including:

Exercise the functions of the Council with regard to the delivery of those functions in respect of adults (other than those for which the Director of Children's Services is responsible)	Section (1a) and Schedule 1 of the Local Authority Services Act 1970
Exercise of all functions, powers and duties of an Adult Services Authority including, but not limited to Social Services, safeguarding of adults, Deprivation of Liberty, Mental Health services and Health functions	
Arrangement for the effective operation of the Council's responsibilities for the assessment, purchase and provision of social care services for adults including people disabilities, older people, people with mental health needs, people with substance misuse problems and adults with learning disabilities.	Council
Assessment of the need for, and where necessary provide, services and/or residential accommodation for those suffering from a disability, including a mental disability.	Pursuant (but not limited to) the National Assistance Act 1948, the Mental Health Act, the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act, the Disabled Persons (Services, Consultation and Representation) Act, the National Health and Community Care Act, the Health and Social Care Act and the Mental Capacity Act.
Assessment and planning to meet the needs of carers of vulnerable people.	The Carers and Disabled Children Act 2000.
Acting as the 'appropriate adult' in relation to persons with a mental disorder (which may include a disability) who are detained at a police station.	The Police and Criminal Evidence Act
Leadership of the continuous improvement of high quality care and support services to adults including the development of commissioned and care and support services and the delivery of assessment/care management services (including ensuring resource allocations to eligible individuals to but care and support).	Council

**Strategic Director for Growth and Environment**

Commissioning services for and making any decision for the operational effectiveness of housing, cemeteries and crematoriums, highways, regeneration, planning and development management, building control, trading standards and licensing, environmental health, land charges and strategic planning	Council
Taking and implementing any decision required for the operational effectiveness of Street Scene services in conjunction with the Chief Executive	Council

## DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC HEALTH (DPH)

The Council operates a joint Specialist Public Health Service with Harrow Council. It has resolved that the statutory responsibilities for local health protection, health improvement and reducing health inequalities should be hosted by Harrow Council.

Responsibility for functions including:

Write and publish the Annual Report on the health of the local population	Section 73B (5) & (6) of The NHS Act 2006, inserted by section 31 of the 2012 Act). (Directors of Public Health in Local Government: i. Roles, responsibilities and context (Oct. 2012, p.9., para. 3.2.)
All of the local authority's duties to take steps to improve public health	Section 73A (1) of the 2006 Act, inserted by section 30 of the 2012 Act, Directors of Public Health in Local Government: i. Roles, responsibilities and context Oct. 2012, p.9., para. 3.3
Exercising their local authority's functions in planning for, and responding to, emergencies that present a risk to public health	Section 73A (1) of the 2006 Act, inserted by section 30 of the 2012 Act.
Responsibility for the local authority's role in co-operating with the police, the probation service and the prison service to assess the risks posed by violent or sexual offenders	Section 73A (1) of the 2006 Act, inserted by section 30 of the 2012 Act.
Responsibility for the local authority's public health response as a responsible authority in areas such as making representations about licensing applications	The Licensing Act 2003 and regulations made under section 73A (1) of the 2006 Act, inserted by section 30 of the Health and Social Care Act 2012. Sections 5 (3), 13

	(4), 69 (4) and 172B (4) of the Licensing Act, as amended by Schedule 5 of the 2012 Act.
Duty to ensure plans are in place to protect the population including through screening and immunisation. Provide independent scrutiny and challenge of the plans of the NHS Commissioning Board (CB), Public Health and Environment (PHE) and providers. PHE will support the Director in the duty to hold the NHS CB to account through the provision of data and information on performance against standards. The Director will need to be satisfied that the combined plans of all these organisations will deliver effective screening and immunisation programmes to their local populations.”	National screening and immunisation programmes. Letter from the Department of Health, 23/08/2012, p5.

## **Definitions**

For the purposes of this scheme the following will be used through-out the document and therefore the common definitions are attached:

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“Authority” – refers to the legal entity of Barnet Council

“Council” – refers to 63 Councillors meeting as a body

“Delegated Powers Report (DPR)” – a delegated powers report is a summary of the decision that has been made and the powers being used by the Officer.